# M408C: Problem Set 11

#### Problem 1

Find the dimensions of a rectangle with area  $1000 m^2$  whose perimeter is as small as possible.

### Problem 2

Find the most general antiderivative of the followin functions:

$$f(x) = \sin(x) + \cos(x), \quad f(x) = 3\sqrt{x} - 2\sqrt[3]{x}, \quad f(x) = e^x - 2\sin(x).$$

### Problem 3

Evaluate the following integrals by interpreting them in terms of areas:

$$\int_{-1}^{2} (1-x) \, dx, \quad \int_{0}^{9} (1+\sqrt{9-x^2}) \, dx, \quad \int_{0}^{1} |2x-1| \, dx.$$

#### Problem 4

Evaluate the integrals using the fundamental theorem of calculus:

$$\int_{1}^{3} (x^{2} + 2x - 4) dx, \quad \int_{-1}^{1} x^{100} dx, \quad \int_{1}^{9} \sqrt{x} dx.$$

## Problem 5

Evaluate the integrals using the fundamental theorem of calculus:

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\pi} \sin(x) dx, \quad \int_{0}^{3} (2\sin(x) - e^x) dx, \quad \int_{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}}^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{8}{1 + x^2} dx.$$